

## Informatics 2, 3<sup>rd</sup> midterm (2016-05-17)

1	2	3	4	5	6	$\Sigma$

The answers should fit next to the questions, if you used a separate paper let us know clearly!

1. What will be printed after these python commands? (3 points)

```
a) import argparse
parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
parser.add_argument("-f", "--filename", action="store", type=str)
parser.add_argument("-w", "--wololo", action="store", type=str)
args = parser.parse_args()
print args.filename, args.wololo
```

Ha a python test.py -f macska -w cica parancsal futtatjuk.

```
b) def littlepuppy(l, i, x):
    if i >= len(l):
        l.append(x)
    else:
        l.append(l[-1])
        for j in range(len(l)-2,i,-1):
            l[j] = l[j-1]
        l[i] = x
L = [1,2,3,4,5,6]
littlepuppy(L,6,"X")
print L
```

```
c) import numpy as np
X=np.arange(1,7,1).reshape(2,3)
Y=np.linspace(1,6,6).reshape(3,2)
print X.dot(Y)
```

2. Solve the following exercises using the numpy package. (4 points)

a) Estimate the following integral with left Riemann sum. Use a  $\Delta x = 0.01$  step.

$$\int_{-5}^2 e^{\sin(x)} dx$$

b) Generate 100 random points in the interval  $[-3, 4]$ . Calculate their mean (average).

c) Generate a random vector of unit length in 7 dimensions.

3. Theoretical questions (2 points)

a) What is stored in `sys.argv`? What is `sys.argv[0]`?

b) What is the `csv` module for?

c) What is the *halt condition* in recursion?

d) What is the characteristic property of ordered binary trees?

4. Given a file `code.txt` and you want to delete all the comments in parenthesis. Write a file called `nocomment.txt` in which you copy every part of `code.txt` which are not enclosed in a parenthesis. The comments do not span across lines but you can have several comments in one line. *(5 points)*

`code.txt:`

```
int a = 6; (puppy cat int 5)
float g; (double g;) int h = 4; (6)
```

`nocomment.txt:`

```
int a = 6;
float g; int h = 4;
```

5. We play a special game where the score of a player is determined from a string. The rules are as follows:

- Every non-digit character worth 1 point, except **S**.
- **S** marks the beginning of a worthy part, everything before an **S** worth 0 points. There will be only one **S** in the text, that character itself does not worth any points.
- The scores are multiplied with 1, but if you encounter a digit then the multiplier is increased with that number. For example the digit 2 raises the multiplier to 3. But the digits themselves do not worth any points.
- This multiplier is used for the next character only.
- The digit 0 resets the multiplier to 1.

Write a function called `point` which calculates the score according to these rules. *(4 points)*

```
ab3cSca2b    -> 5
aS3ab2d      -> 14
S54c         -> 10
S54c0b       -> 11
```

Hint: `c` in "0123456789"

6. There are 6 mistakes in the implementation of a binary tree. There are 2 distinct mistakes and 2-2 very similar ones. Find these! The `insert` method adds a new element, the `is_list` checks whether the tree is a list (without conjunctions), the `sum` method returns the sum of elements. *(2 points)*

```
class Node(object):
    def __init__(self, data):
        self.data = data
        self.left = None
        self.right = None
    def insert(self, data):
        if self.data > data:
            if self.left is None:
                self.left = Node(data)
            else:
                if self.right is None:
                    self.right = Node(data)
```

```
    def is_list(self):
        if self.left is not None:
            return self.left.is_list(self.data)
        if self.right is not None:
            return self.right.is_list(self.data)
        return True
    def sum(self):
        s = self.data
        if self.left is not None:
            s += self.left.sum()
        return s
```